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753/754 Documenting Process Calibrator

Calibration Manual

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Introduction

This manual contains data necessary to do performance verification tests and calibration adjustments on your 753 and 754 Documenting Process Calibrators (the Product).

How to Contact Fluke

To contact Fluke, call one of the following telephone numbers:

- Technical Support USA: 1-800-44-FLUKE (1-800-443-5853)
- Calibration/Repair USA: 1-888-99-FLUKE (1-888-993-5853)
- Canada: 1-800-36-FLUKE (1-800-363-5853)
- Europe: +31 402-675-200
- Japan: +81-3-6714-3114
- Singapore: +65-738-5655
- Anywhere in the world: +1-425-446-5500

Or, visit Fluke's website at www.fluke.com

To register your product, visit http://register.fluke.com

To view, print, or download the latest manual supplement, visit <u>http://us.fluke.com/usen/support/manuals</u>

The latest software trial version of DPCTrack2 can be downloaded at <u>www.fluke.com/DPCTrack</u>. For more information see "Communication with a PC".

753/754 Accessories can be found at www.fluke.com/process_acc

Safety Information

A Warning identifies condition and procedures that are dangerous to the user. A Caution identifies conditions and procedures that can cause damage to the Product or the equipment under test.

<u>∧</u> Marning

To prevent personal injury, use the Product only as specified, or the protection supplied by the Product can be compromised.

To prevent possible electrical shock, fire, or personal injury:

- Read all safety Information before you use the Product.
- Carefully read all instructions.
- Use only correct measurement category (CAT), voltage, and amperage rated probes, test leads, and adapters for the measurement.
- The battery must be locked in place before you operate the Product.
- Recharge the battery when the low battery indicator shows to prevent incorrect measurements.
- Do not apply more than the rated voltage, between the terminals or between each terminal and earth ground.
- Limit operation to the specified measurement category, voltage, or amperage ratings.
- Do not exceed the Measurement Category (CAT) rating of the lowest rated individual component of a Product, probe, or accessory.
- Measure a known voltage first to make sure that the Product operates correctly.
- Do not touch voltages > 30 V ac rms, 42 V ac peak, or 60 V dc.
- Do not use the Product around explosive gas, vapor, or in damp or wet environments.
- Do not use, and disable the Product if it is damaged.
- Do not use the Product if it operates incorrectly.
- Keep fingers behind the finger guards on the probes.
- Remove all probes, test leads, and accessories that are not necessary for the measurement.
- Only use probes, test leads, and accessories that have the same measurement category, voltage, and amperage ratings as the Product.

- Connect the common test lead before the live test lead and remove the live test lead before the common test lead.
- Use only current probes, test leads, and adapters supplied with the Product.
- Do not touch the probes to a voltage source when the test leads are connected to the current terminals.
- Use only cables with correct voltage ratings.
- Do not use test leads if they are damaged. Examine the test leads for damaged insulation, exposed metal, or if the wear indicator shows. Check test lead continuity.
- Examine the case before you use the Product. Look for cracks or missing plastic. Carefully look at the insulation around the terminals.

Symbols

Symbols used on the Product and in this manual are shown in Table 1.

| Symbol | Meaning | Symbol | Meaning |
|--------|--|--------------------|---|
| Ŧ | Earth ground | Ą | Common (LO) Input equipotentiality |
| ~ | AC- alternating current | C . C . S | Conforms to relevant North American Safety Standards. |
| | DC- direct current | CE | Conforms to European Union directives. |
| | Risk of danger. Important information. See manual. | | Pressure |
| | Hazardous voltage. Risk of electrical shock. | X | Do not dispose of this product as unsorted municipal waste. Go to Fluke's website for recycling information. |
| 4 | Application around and removal from HAZARDOUS LIVE conductors is permitted. | C N10140 | Conforms to relevant Australian standards. |
| | Double insulated | | German certifying body. |
| CAT II | CAT II equipment is designed to protect against transients from energy-consuming equipment supplied from the fixed installation, such as TVs, PCs, portable tools, and other household appliances. | | |

Table 1. Symbols

Specifications

General Specifications

All specifications apply from +18 °C to +28 °C unless stated otherwise.

All specifications assume a 5-minute warmup period.

Measurement specifications are valid only when Damping is turned on. When damping is turned off, or when the $\neg \psi$ annunciator is shown, floor specifications are multiplied by 3. Floor specifications are the second part of the specifications. The measure pressure, temperature, and frequency functions are specified only with damping on.

Specifications are valid to 110 % of range. The following exceptions are valid to 100 % of range: 300 V dc, 300 V ac, 22 mA source and simulate, 15 V dc source, and temperature measure and source.

To achieve the best noise rejection, use battery power.

| Size (H x W x L) | Height = 63.35 mm (2.49 inches) x Width = 136.37 mm (5.37 inches) x Length = 244.96 mm (9.65 inches) |
|------------------|--|
| Weight | . 1.23 kg (2.71 lb) (Batteries included) |
| Display | . 480 by 272 pixel graphic LCD, 95 x 54 mm |
| Power | Internal battery pack: Lithium Ion, 7.2 V dc, 30 Wh |

Environmental Specifications

| Operating Altitude | 3000 m (9842 ft) |
|---|--------------------|
| Storage Altitude | 13000 m (42650 ft) |
| Operating Temperature | 10 to 50 °C |
| Storage Temperature | 20 to 60 °C |
| Relative Humidity (Maximum, non-condensing) | 90 % to 35 °C |
| | 75 % to 40 °C |
| | 45 % to 50 °C |

Standards and Agency Approval Specifications

| Protection Class | Pollution Degree II IP 52 |
|--|--|
| Double Insulation Creepage and Clearance | Per IEC 61010-1 |
| Installation Category | 300 V CAT II |
| Design Standards and Compliance | EN/IEC 61010-1:2010, CAN/CSA C22.2 No. 61010-1-04, ANSI/UL 61010-1:2004 |
| EMI, RFI, EMC | EN 61326-1:2006 |
| RF Fields | Accuracy for all functions is not specified in RF fields >3 V/m |

Detailed Specifications

Specifications valid after a 5-minute warmup.

Specifications are valid to 110 % of Range with the following exceptions: 300 V dc measure, 300 V ac measure, 50 kHz measure and source, 22 mA source and simulate, 15 V dc source, and temperature measure and source which are valid to 100 % of range.

DC mV Measurement

| Banga | Resolution | % of Readi | ling + Floor | |
|---|------------|-------------------|-------------------|--|
| Range | Resolution | 1-Year | 2 Year | |
| ±100.000 mV | 0.001 mV | 0.02 % + 0.005 mV | 0.03 % + 0.005 mV | |
| Input Impedance: >5 MΩ | | | | |
| Maximum Input Voltage: 300 V, IEC 61010 300 V CAT II | | | | |
| Temperature coefficient: (0.001 % of reading + 0.001% of range) / °C (<18 °C or >28 °C) | | | | |
| Normal mode rejection: >100 dB at 50 or 60 Hz nominal | | | | |

DC Voltage Measurement

| Range | Resolution – | % of Reading + Floor | |
|------------|--------------|----------------------|--------------------|
| | | 1-Year | 2 Year |
| ±3.00000 V | 0.00001 V | 0.02 % + 0.00005 V | 0.03 % + 0.00005 V |
| ±30.0000 V | 0.0001 V | 0.02 % + 0.0005 V | 0.03 % + 0.0005 V |
| ±300.00 V | 0.01 V | 0.05 % + 0.05 V | 0.07 % + 0.05 V |

Temperature coefficient: (0.001 % of reading + 0.0002 % of range) / °C (<18 °C or >28 °C)

Normal mode rejection: >100 dB at 50 or 60 Hz nominal

AC Voltage Measurement

| Range | Resolution | % of Readin | ig + Floor |
|----------------|------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 40 Hz – 500 Hz | Resolution | 1-Year | 2 Year |
| 3.000 V | 0.001 V | 0.5 % + 0.002 V | 1.0 % + 0.004 V |
| 30.00 V | 0.01 V | 0.5 % + 0.02 V | 1.0 % + 0.04 V |
| 300.0 V | 0.1 V | 0.5 % + 0.2 V | 1.0 % + 0.2 V |

Input Impedance: >4 M Ω and <100 pF

Input Coupling: AC

Maximum Input Voltage: 300 V, IEC 61010 300V CAT II

Temperature coefficient: 5 % of specified accuracy / °C (<18 °C or >28 °C)

Specifications apply for 9 % to 100 % of voltage range.

DC Current Measurement

| Banga | Resolution % of Readir | ng + Floor | |
|------------|------------------------|----------------|-----------------|
| Range | Resolution | 1-Year | 2 Year |
| ±30.000 mA | 1 μΑ | 0.01 % + 5 µA | 0.015 % + 7 µA |
| ±100.00 mA | 10 μA | 0.01 % + 20 µA | 0.015 % + 30 µA |
| ±100.00 mA | 10 μA | 0.01 % + 20 µA | 0.015 % + 30 µ. |

Maximum Input: 110 mA

Maximum Burden Voltage: 420 mV at 22 mA

Temperature coefficient: 3 % of specified accuracy / °C (<18 °C or >28 °C)

No Fuse

Normal mode rejection: 90 dB at 50 or 60 Hz nominal, and 60 dB at 1200 Hz and 2200 Hz nominal (HART signals)

Resistance Measurement

| Damas | Desclution | % of Read | Source Current | |
|--------------------|------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------|
| Range Resolution – | | 1-Year | | |
| 10.000 Ω | 0.001 Ω | 0.05 % + 0.050 Ω | 0.07 % + 0.070 Ω | 3 mA |
| 100.00 Ω | 0.01 Ω | 0.05 % + 0.05 Ω | 0.07 % + 0.07 Ω | 1 mA |
| 1.0000 kΩ | 0.1 Ω | 0.05 % + 0.0005 kΩ | 0.07 % + 0.0007 kΩ | 500 μA |
| 10.000 kΩ | 1Ω | 0.10 % + 0.010 kΩ | 0.15 % + 0.015 kΩ | 50 μA |

Continuity Testing

| Tone | Resistance |
|-------------------------|-------------|
| Continuous tone | <25 Ω |
| May or may not get tone | 25 to 400 Ω |
| No tone | >400 Ω |

Frequency Measurement

| 110.1 Hz to 1100.0 Hz 0.1 Hz 0.5 Hz 11.01 kHz to 11.000 kHz 0.001 kHz 0.005 kHz 11.01 kHz to 50.00 kHz 0.01 kHz 0.05 kHz Coupling: AC 0.01 kHz 0.05 kHz Minimum Amplitude for Frequency Measurement (square wave): <1 kHz: 300 mV p-p 1 kHz to 30 kHz: 1.4 V p-p >30 kHz: 2.8 V p-p Maximum input: <1 kHz: 300 V rms >1 kHz: 30 V rms >1 kHz: 30 V rms | Ranges | Resolution | 2 Year | | | |
|--|--|------------|-----------|--|--|--|
| 1.101 kHz to 11.000 kHz 0.001 kHz 0.005 kHz 11.01 kHz to 50.00 kHz 0.01 kHz 0.05 kHz Coupling: AC 0.01 kHz 0.05 kHz Minimum Amplitude for Frequency Measurement (square wave): <1 kHz: 300 mV p-p | 1.00 Hz to 110.00 Hz ^[1] | 0.01 Hz | 0.05 Hz | | | |
| 11.01 kHz to 50.00 kHz 0.01 kHz 0.05 kHz Coupling: AC Minimum Amplitude for Frequency Measurement (square wave): <1 kHz: 300 mV p-p | 110.1 Hz to 1100.0 Hz | 0.1 Hz | 0.5 Hz | | | |
| Coupling: AC Minimum Amplitude for Frequency Measurement (square wave): <1 kHz: 300 mV p-p 1 kHz to 30 kHz: 1.4 V p-p >30 kHz: 2.8 V p-p Maximum input: <1 kHz: 300 V rms >1 kHz: 30 V rms | 1.101 kHz to 11.000 kHz | 0.001 kHz | 0.005 kHz | | | |
| Minimum Amplitude for Frequency Measurement (square wave): <1 kHz: 300 mV p-p 1 kHz to 30 kHz: 1.4 V p-p >30 kHz: 2.8 V p-p Maximum input: <1 kHz: 300 V rms >1 kHz: 30 V rms | 11.01 kHz to 50.00 kHz | 0.01 kHz | 0.05 kHz | | | |
| | 1 kHz to 30 kHz: 1.4 V p-p >30 kHz: 2.8 V p-p Maximum input: | | | | | |
| | >1 kHz: 30 V rms | | | | | |
| Input Impedance: >4 MΩ | Input Impedance: >4 MΩ | | | | | |

±DC Voltage Output

| Banga | Resolution | % of Output + Floor | | | | |
|---|------------|---------------------|---------------------|--|--|--|
| Range | Resolution | 1-Year | 2 Year | | | |
| ±100.000 mV | 1 μV | 0.01 % + 0.005 mV | 0.015 % + 0.005 mV | | | |
| ±1.00000 V | 10 μV | 0.01 % + 0.00005 V | 0.015 % + 0.00005 V | | | |
| ±15.0000 V | 100 μV | 0.01 % + 0.0005 V | 0.015 % + 0.0005 V | | | |
| Maximum Output Current: 10 mA, In the 100 mV range add 0.010 mV to specification when sourcing >1 mA. For sourcing dc voltages <110.000 mV, accuracy is not specified in RF fields >1 V/m, 80 MHz to 700 MHz. Temperature Coefficient: 0.001 % of output + 0.001 % of range / °C (<18 °C or >28 °C) | | | | | | |

+DC Current Source

| Banga/Mada | Resolution | % of Output + Floor | | | |
|--|------------|---------------------|---------------|--|--|
| Range/Mode | Resolution | 1-Year | 2 Year | | |
| 0.100 to 22.000 mA | 1 μΑ | 0.01 % + 3 μA | 0.02 % + 3 μA | | |
| Temperature Coefficient: 3 % of specified accuracy / °C (<18 °C or >28 °C) | | | | | |
| Source mA Compliance Voltage: 18 V maximum | | | | | |
| Source mA Open Circuit Voltage: 30 V maximum | | | | | |

+DC Current Simulate (External Loop Power)

| Bango/Mada | Resolution | % of Output + | Floor | | |
|--|-------------------------|---------------|---------------|--|--|
| Range/Mode | Resolution | 1-Year | 2 Year | | |
| 0.100 to 22.000 mA (Current Sink) | 1 μA | 0.02 % + 7 μA | 0.04 % + 7 μA | | |
| Simulate mA Input Voltage: 15 to 50 V dc, add 300 μ A to floor when >25 V is present on the loop | | | | | |
| Temperature Coefficient: 3 % of specified accuracy | / °C (<18 °C or >28 °C) | | | | |

Resistance Sourcing

| _ | | % of Out | Allowable | |
|---|--|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|
| Range | Resolution | 1-Year | 2 Year | Excitation Current |
| 10.000 Ω | 0.001 Ω | 0.01 % + 0.010 Ω | 0.015 % + 0.015 Ω | 0.1 mA to 10 mA |
| 100.00 Ω ^[1] | 0.01 Ω | 0.01 % + 0.02 Ω | 0.015 % + 0.03 Ω | 0.1 mA to 10 mA |
| 1.0000 kΩ ^[2] | 0.1 Ω | 0.02 % + 0.0002 kΩ | 0.03 % + 0.0003 kΩ | 0.01 mA to 1.0 mA |
| 10.000 kΩ | 1 Ω | 0.02 % + 0.003 kΩ | 0.03 % + 0.005 kΩ | 0.01 mA to 1.0 mA |
| When connected to main [1] Add 0.01 Ω when | t: (0.01 % of output +0.02 % of range / °C (< ins, accuracy is not specified with conducted the excitation current is <1 mA. hen the excitation current is <0.1 mA. | , | | |

Frequency Sourcing

| Specification | | |
|---------------|--|--|
| 2 Year | | |
| 0.01 Hz | | |
| 0.01 Hz | | |
| 0.1 Hz | | |
| 0.1 Hz | | |
| 0.002 kHz | | |
| 0.005 kHz | | |
| re wave | | |
| | | |

Square Wave Amplitude: 0.1 to 15 V p-p

Square Wave Amplitude Accuracy, 0.01 to 1 kHz: 3 % p-p output + 75 mV, 1 kHz to 50 kHz: 10 % p-p output + 75 mV typical. Sine Wave Amplitude: 0.1 to 30 V p-p

Sine Wave Amplitude Accuracy, 0.1 to 1 kHz: 3 % p-p output + 75 mV, 1 kHz to 50 kHz: 10 % p-p output + 75 mV typical. Frequency specifications are valid when averaged ≥100 ms

Temperature, Thermocouples

| Turne | Dense 90 | Meas | sure °C | Source | ce °C |
|--------------|--------------|--------|---------|--------|--------|
| Туре | Range °C | 1-Year | 2 Year | 1-Year | 2 Year |
| E | -250 to -200 | 1.3 | 2.0 | 0.6 | 0.9 |
| | -200 to -100 | 0.5 | 0.8 | 0.3 | 0.4 |
| | -100 to 600 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.4 |
| | 600 to 1000 | 0.4 | 0.6 | 0.2 | 0.3 |
| Ν | -200 to -100 | 1.0 | 1.5 | 0.6 | 0.9 |
| | -100 to 900 | 0.5 | 0.8 | 0.5 | 0.8 |
| | 900 to 1300 | 0.6 | 0.9 | 0.3 | 0.4 |
| J | -210 to -100 | 0.6 | 0.9 | 0.3 | 0.4 |
| | -100 to 800 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 0.3 |
| | 800 to 1200 | 0.5 | 0.8 | 0.3 | 0.3 |
| К | -200 to -100 | 0.7 | 1.0 | 0.4 | 0.6 |
| | -100 to 400 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.4 |
| | 400 to 1200 | 0.5 | 0.8 | 0.3 | 0.4 |
| | 1200 to 1372 | 0.7 | 1.0 | 0.3 | 0.4 |
| Т | -250 to -200 | 1.7 | 2.5 | 0.9 | 1.4 |
| | -200 to 0 | 0.6 | 0.9 | 0.4 | 0.6 |
| | 0 to 400 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.4 |
| В | 600 to 800 | 1.3 | 2.0 | 1.0 | 1.5 |
| | 800 to 1000 | 1.0 | 1.5 | 0.8 | 1.2 |
| | 1000 to 1820 | 0.9 | 1.3 | 0.8 | 1.2 |
| R | -20 to 0 | 2.3 | 2.8 | 1.2 | 1.8 |
| | 0 to 100 | 1.5 | 2.2 | 1.1 | 1.7 |
| | 100 to 1767 | 1.0 | 1.5 | 0.9 | 1.4 |
| S | -20 to 0 | 2.3 | 2.8 | 1.2 | 1.8 |
| | 0 to 200 | 1.5 | 2.1 | 1.1 | 1.7 |
| | 200 to 1400 | 0.9 | 1.4 | 0.9 | 1.4 |
| | 1400 to 1767 | 1.1 | 1.7 | 1.0 | 1.5 |
| С | 0 to 800 | 0.6 | 0.9 | 0.6 | 0.9 |
| (W5Re/W26Re) | 800 to 1200 | 0.8 | 1.2 | 0.7 | 1.0 |
| | 1200 to 1800 | 1.1 | 1.6 | 0.9 | 1.4 |
| | 1800 to 2316 | 2.0 | 3.0 | 1.3 | 2.0 |
| L | -200 to -100 | 0.6 | 0.9 | 0.3 | 0.4 |
| | -100 to 800 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 0.3 |
| | 800 to 900 | 0.5 | 0.8 | 0.2 | 0.3 |
| U | -200 to 0 | 0.6 | 0.9 | 0.4 | 0.6 |
| - | 0 to 600 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.4 |

| BP | 0 to 1000 | 1.0 | 1.5 | 0.4 | 0.6 |
|----|--------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| | 1000 to 2000 | 1.6 | 2.4 | 0.6 | 0.9 |
| | 2000 to 2500 | 2.0 | 3.0 | 0.8 | 1.2 |
| ХК | -200 to 300 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.5 |
| | 300 to 800 | 0.4 | 0.6 | 0.3 | 0.6 |

Sensor inaccuracies not included.

Accuracy with external cold junction; for internal junction add 0.2 $^\circ\text{C}$

Resolution: 0.1 °C

Temperature Scale: ITS-90 or IPTS-68, selectable (90 is default)

Compensation: ITS-90 per NIST Monograph 175 for B,R,S,E,J,K,N,T; IPTS-68 per IEC 584-1 for B,R,S,E,J,K,T; IPTS-68 per DIN 43710 for L,U. GOST P 8.585-2001 (Russia) for BP and XK, ASTM E988-96 for C (W5Re/W26Re)

Temperature Coefficient: 0.05 °C/ °C (<18 °C or >28 °C)

0.07 °C/ °C for C type >1800 °C and for BP type >2000 °C

Instrument Operating Temperature: 0 to 50 °C for C and BP type thermocouples / -10 to 50 °C for all other types

Normal Mode Rejection: 40 dB at 50 Hz or 60 Hz nominal

For sourcing thermocouple voltages, accuracy is not specified in RF fields >1 V/m, 80 MHz to 700 MHz.

Temperature, Resistance Temperature Detectors

| Temperature, RTDs Degrees or % of Reading ^[1] | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------|------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------------|
| | | Ν | leasure °C ^[2] | | Source | e °C | Allowable |
| Type (α) | Range °C | 1-Year | 2 Year | Source Current | 1-Year | 2 Year | Excitation Current ^[3] |
| 100 Ω | -200 to 100 | 0.07 °C | 0.14 °C | 1 mA | 0.05 °C | 0.10 °C | 0.1 to |
| Pt(385) | 100 to 800 | 0.02 % + 0.05 °C | 0.04 % + 0.10 °C | TIIIA | 0.0125 % + 0.04 °C | 0.025 % + 0.08 °C | 10 mA |
| 200 Ω | -200 to 100 | 0.07 °C | 0.14 °C | 5004 | 0.10 °C | 0.20 °C | 0.1 to |
| Pt(385) | 100 to 630 | 0.02 % + 0.05 °C | 0.04 % + 0.10 °C | 500 μΑ | 0.017 % + 0.09 °C | 0.034 % + 0.18 °C | 1 mA |
| 500 Ω | -200 to 100 | 0.07 °C | 0.14 °C | 0504 | 0.08 °C | 0.16 °C | 0.1 to |
| Pt(385) | 100 to 630 | 0.02 % + 0.05 °C | 0.04 % + 0.10 °C | 250 μΑ | 0.017 % + 0.06 °C | 0.034 % + 0.12 °C | 1 mA |
| 1000 Ω | -200 to 100 | 0.07 °C | 0.14 °C | 150 μA | 0.06 °C | 0.12 °C | 0.1 to |
| Pt(385) | 100 to 630 | 0.02 % + 0.05 °C | 0.04 % + 0.10 °C | | 0.017 % + 0.05 °C | 0.034 % + 0.10 °C | 1 mA |
| 100 Ω | -200 to 100 | 0.07 °C | 0.14 °C | 1 | 0.05 °C | 0.10 °C | 0.1 to |
| Pt(3916) | 100 to 630 | 0.02 % + 0.05 °C | 0.04 % + 0.10 °C | 1 mA | 0.0125 % + 0.04 °C | 0.025 % + 0.08 °C | 10 mA |
| 100 Ω | -200 to 100 | 0.08 °C | 0.16 °C | 1 | 0.05 °C | 0.10 °C | 0.1 to |
| Pt(3926) | 100 to 630 | 0.02 % + 0.06 °C | 0.04 % + 0.12 °C | 1 mA | 0.0125 % + 0.04 °C | 0.025 % + 0.08 °C | 10 mA |
| 10 Ω Cu(427) | -100 to 260 | 0.2 °C | 0.4 °C | 3 mA | 0.2 °C | 0.4 °C | 1 to 10 mA |
| 120 Ω Ni(672) | -80 to 260 | 0.1 °C | 0.2 °C | 1 mA | 0.04 °C | 0.08 °C | 0.1 to 10 mA |

[1] Specifications are valid to k=3

Sensor inaccuracies not included

[2] For two and three-wire RTD measurements, add 0.4 °C to the specifications. Resolution: 0.01 °C except 0.1 °C for 10 Ω Cu(427) Temperature Coefficient: 0.01 °C/°C for measure, 0.02 °C/°C (<18 °C or >28 °C) for source

[3] Supports pulsed transmitters and PLCs with pulse times as short as 1 ms

RTD Reference:

Pt(385): IEC 60751, 2008

Pt(3916): JIS C 1604, 1981

Pt(3926), Cu(427), Ni(672): Minco Application Aid #18

Loop Power

| Open Circuit | Loaded Circuit | |
|---|-----------------------|--|
| 26 V ±10 % | 18 V minimum at 22 mA | |
| Short circuit protected to 25 mA | | |
| Output Resistance: 250 Ω nominal | | |

Performance Verification Tests

Fluke recommends re-certification each year. To re-certify, do the verification procedure. If test points are out of tolerance, calibrate the Product and then re-verify. Two-year specifications are included if the highest accuracy is not necessary.

Use the subsequent tests to make sure that the Product is inside its specification limits.

Verification Equipment

The equipment necessary for verification of the Product is shown in Table 2. If these instruments are not available, you can replace them with other source and measure instruments that have the same the minimum specification requirements.

| Equipment | Minimum Specification | Recommended Model |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|
| Calibrator | 0.002 % for DC Voltage, Resistance and Current. 0.01 % for AC Volt | Fluke 5522A |
| Frequency Counter | 1 Hz to 50 kHz, 25 ppm timebase | Tektronix FCA3000 |
| Oscilloscope | 1 Hz to 50 kHz (duty cycle accuracy 1 %) | Fluke 123 |
| DMM | 0.002 % for DC Voltage, Resistance and Current | Fluke 8508A |
| 2-Short jumpers | banana type | Fluke PN 944632 |
| 2-Test leads | banana to banana type | Fluke TL20 |
| Thermocouple miniplug | polarize, with type-K thermocouple welded to copper wire | see Figure 10 |
| Lag bath | characterized by a 0.1 °C standard thermometer (0.02 °C resolution) and a 1-pint thermos bottle | Fluke 1551A Stik Thermometer, Dewar Flask and Cap |
| Smart (HART) Pressure Transmitter | HART communication protocol | Rosemount 1151 or 3051 |
| HART Interface Cable Assembly | | Fluke PN 3562160 |

Table 2. Equipment Required for Verification

How to Verify

For each procedure there is a table of test points and permitted readings. If the result of the test is not in the range shown, the Unit Under Test (UUT) is out of tolerance and must be re-calibrated or repaired if necessary. There are columns for 1 and 2-year specifications wherever the specifications are different.

Follow these general instructions for all the tests:

- For all tests, operate the UUT on battery power. Make sure the battery is fully charged.
- For measurement functions, push the **Range** softkey to lock the range on the range specified in the test points table. It can be necessary to push the **Range** softkey more than once.
- Ranges in the specification tables include the 10 % over-range capability. Range names on the Product display do not include the 10 % over-range. For example, the UUT display shows Range 100 mV, but the range is specified to 110 mV.
- Let each piece of verification equipment have its specified warm-up time.
- A minimum of 5 minutes is necessary for warm up. The source circuits shut off when not in operation. A separate warm up is necessary when Source mode is first used.
- For each test, make sure the verification equipment is stable and that the "unsettled" annunciator on the UUT is not shown.

DC Volts Measurement

To verify the dc volts measurement function:

1. Connect the UUT to the 5522A as shown in Figure 1.

≜Caution

To prevent possible damage to the Product, do not force a dual banana plug between any two jacks in the horizontal orientation. Doing so will damage the jacks. Use the supplied jumper wire when needed for RTD measurements. A dual banana plug may be used in the vertical orientation.

- 2. Set the UUT to the dc volts measurement function.
- 3. Push the **Range** softkey on the UUT to lock on the 100 mV range.
- 4. Set the 5522A to the first test point in Table 3.
- 5. See if the value shown on the UUT is in the range shown in the applicable column.
- 6. Continue through the test points. Make sure to lock the UUT on the specified range.
- 7. When you complete the test, set the 5522A to STANDBY.

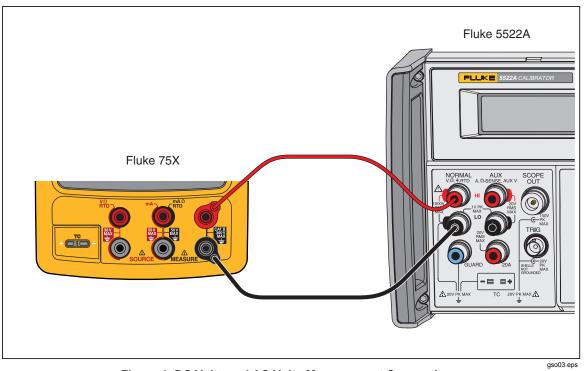


Figure 1. DC Volts and AC Volts Measurement Connections

| UUT Range | Input V dc | Minimum 1-Year | Maximum 1-Year | Minimum 2-Year | Maximum 2-Year |
|------------|------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| 100.000 mV | 0 | -0.005 | 0.005 | -0.005 | 0.005 |
| 100.000 mV | 0.1 | 99.975 | 100.025 | 99.965 | 100.035 |
| 100.000 mV | -0.1 | -100.025 | -99.975 | -100.035 | -99.965 |
| 3.00000 V | 0 | -0.00005 | 0.00005 | -0.00005 | 0.00005 |
| 3.00000 V | 1.0 | 0.99975 | 1.00025 | 0.99965 | 1.00035 |
| 3.00000 V | 2.0 | 1.99955 | 2.00045 | 1.99935 | 2.00065 |
| 3.00000 V | 3 | 2.99935 | 3.00065 | 2.99905 | 3.00095 |
| 3.00000 V | -3 | -3.00065 | -2.99935 | -3.00095 | -2.99905 |
| 30.0000 V | 0 | -0.0005 | 0.0005 | -0.0005 | 0.0005 |
| 30.0000 V | 30 | 29.9935 | 29.9870 | 29.9905 | 30.0095 |
| 30.0000 V | -30 | -30.0065 | -29.9935 | -30.0095 | -29.9905 |
| 300.00 V | 0 | -0.05 | 0.05 | -0.05 | 0.05 |
| 300.00 V | 295 | 294.80 | 295.20 | 294.74 | 295.26 |
| 300.00 V | -295 | -295.20 | -294.80 | -295.26 | -294.74 |

| Table 3. DC Vo | Its Measurement | Verification Points |
|----------------|-----------------|---------------------|
|----------------|-----------------|---------------------|

AC Volts Measurement

To verify the ac volts measurement function:

- 1. Connect the UUT to the 5522A as shown in Figure 1.
- 2. Set the UUT to the ac volts measurement function.
- 3. Push the **Range** softkey on the UUT to lock on the 3.0 V range.
- 4. Set the 5522A to the first test point in Table 4.
- 5. Stop to let the output become stable.
- 6. See if the value shown on the UUT is in the range shown in the applicable column.
- 7. Continue through the test points. Make sure to lock the UUT on the specified range.
- 8. When you complete the test, set the 5522A to STANDBY.

| UUT Range | Input (RMS) | Frequency | Minimum 1-Year | Maximum 1-Year | Minimum 2-Year | Maximum 2-Year |
|--------------|----------------|-----------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| 3.000 V | 0.26 | 500 Hz | 0.257 | 0.263 | 0.253 | 0.267 |
| 3.000 V | 3 | 500 Hz | 2.983 | 3.017 | 2.966 | 3.034 |
| 3.000 V | 0.26 | 40 Hz | 0.257 | 0.263 | 0.253 | 0.267 |
| 3.000 V | 3 | 40 Hz | 2.983 | 3.017 | 2.966 | 3.034 |
| 30.00 V | 2.6 | 500 Hz | 2.567 | 2.633 | 2.53 | 2.67 |
| 30.00 V | 30 | 500 Hz | 29.830 | 30.170 | 29.66 | 30.34 |
| 30.00 V | 2.6 | 40 Hz | 2.567 | 2.633 | 2.53 | 2.67 |
| 30.00 V | 30 | 40 Hz | 29.830 | 30.170 | 29.66 | 30.34 |
| 300.0 V | 27 | 500 Hz | 26.665 | 27.335 | 26.5 | 27.5 |
| 300.0 V | 295 | 500 Hz | 293.325 | 296.675 | 291.9 | 298.2 |
| 300.0 V | 27 | 40 Hz | 26.665 | 27.335 | 26.5 | 27.5 |
| 300.0 V | 295 | 50 Hz | 293.325 | 296.675 | 291.9 | 298.2 |

Table 4. AC Volts Measurement Verification Points

DC Current Measurement

To verify the dc current measurement function:

- 1. Connect the UUT to the 5522A and the 8508A as shown in Figure 2.
- 2. Disconnect the jumpers on the three common jacks (lows) of the UUT if they are present.
- 3. Set the UUT and the 8508A to the dc current measurement function and the 5522A to source dc current.
- 4. Push the **Range** softkey on the UUT to lock on the 30 mA range.
- 5. Set the 5522A to the first test point in Table 5, and edit its output so that the correct value shows on the 8508A.
- 6. See if the value shown on the UUT is in the range shown in the applicable column.
- 7. Continue through the test points. Make sure to lock the UUT on the specified range.
- 8. When you complete the test, set the 5522A to STANDBY.

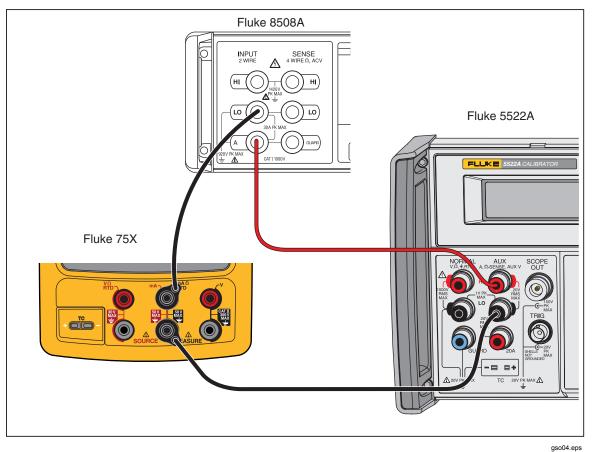


Figure 2. DC Current Measurement Verification Connections

| UUT Range | Input mA | Minimum 1-Year | Maximum 1-Year | Minimum 2-Year | Maximum 2-Year |
|-----------|----------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| 30 mA | 4 mA | 3.995 | 4.005 | 3.992 | 4.008 |
| 30 mA | 20 mA | 19.993 | 20.007 | 19.990 | 20.010 |
| 30 mA | 30 mA | 29.992 | 30.008 | 29.989 | 30.012 |
| 30 mA | -30 mA | -30.008 | -29.992 | -30.012 | -29.989 |
| 100 mA | 0 mA | -0.02 | 0.02 | -0.03 | 0.03 |
| 100 mA | 100 mA | 99.97 | 100.03 | 99.96 | 100.04 |
| 100 mA | -100 mA | -100.03 | -99.97 | -100.04 | -99.96 |

Table 5. DC Current Measurement Verification Points

Resistance Measurement

To verify the resistance measurement function:

- 1. Connect the UUT to the 5522A as shown in Figure 3.
- 2. Use a four-wire connection at the 5522A, transitioning to two wires at the UUT, and turn on Two-Wire Compensation.
- 3. Set the UUT to the resistance measurement function.
- 4. Push the **Range** softkey on the UUT to lock on the 10 Ω range.
- 5. Set the 5522A to the first test point in Table 6.
- 6. See if the value shown on the UUT is in the range shown in the applicable column.
- 7. Continue through the test points. Make sure to lock the UUT on the specified range.
- 8. When you complete the test, set the 5522A to STANDBY.

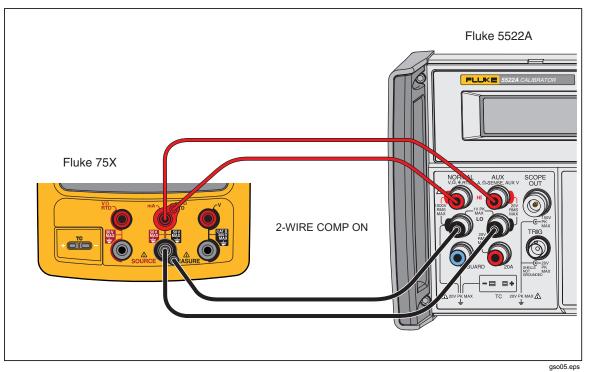


Figure 3. Resistance Measurement Verification Connections

| UUT Range | Input | Minimum 1-Year | Maximum 1-Year | Minimum 2-Year | Maximum 2-Year |
|--------------|-------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| 10.000 Ω | 0 Ω | -0.050 | 0.050 | -0.070 | 0.070 |
| 10.000 Ω | 10 Ω | 9.945 | 10.055 | 9.923 | 10.077 |
| 100.00 Ω | 0 Ω | -0.05 | 0.05 | -0.07 | 0.07 |
| 100.00 Ω | 100 Ω | 99.90 | 100.10 | 99.86 | 100.14 |
| 1000.0 Ω | 0 Ω | -0.5 | 0.5 | -0.7 | 0.7 |
| 1000.0 Ω | 1 kΩ | 999.0 | 1001.0 | 998.6 | 1001.4 |
| 10.000 kΩ | 0 Ω | -0.010 | 0.010 | -0.015 | 0.015 |
| 10.000 kΩ | 10 kΩ | 9.980 | 10.020 | 9.970 | 10.030 |

Table 6. Resistance Measurement Verification Points

Frequency Measurement

To verify the frequency measurement function:

- 1. Connect the UUT as shown in Figure 4.
- 2. Set the UUT to the frequency measurement function.
- 3. Select the <20 Hz range for the first step. Use the ≥ 20 Hz range thereafter.
- 4. Set the 5522A to the first test point in Table 7.
- 5. See if the frequency value shown on the UUT is in the range shown in the applicable column.
- 6. Continue through the test points.
- 7. When you complete the test, set the 5522A to STANDBY.

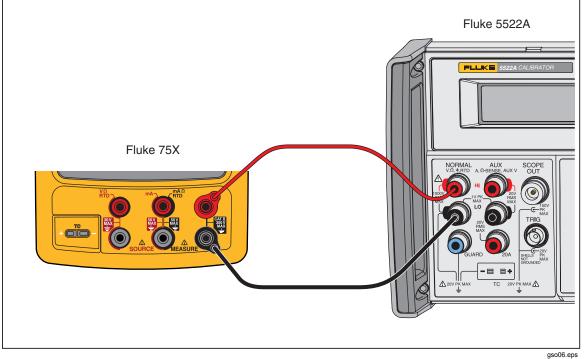


Figure 4. Frequency Measurement Verification Connections

| UUT Range | Frequency Input | V RMS | V RMS Minimum 1- & 2-Year | |
|-----------|-----------------|--------|------------------------------|-------|
| <20 Hz | 10 Hz | 300 mV | 9.95 | 10.05 |
| >20 Hz | 150 Hz | 300 mV | 149.5 | 150.5 |
| >20 Hz | 1.2 kHz | 1.0 V | 1.195 | 1.205 |
| >20 Hz | 12 kHz | 1.0 V | 11.95 | 12.05 |
| >20 Hz | 49 kHz | 2.0 V | 48.95 | 49.05 |

 Table 7. Frequency Measurement Verification Points

DC Volts Source

To verify the dc volts source function:

- 1. Connect the UUT to the 8508A as shown in Figure 5.
- 2. Set the 8508A to measure dc volts.
- 3. Set the UUT to the dc volts source function at -10 mV. Let the UUT warm up for a minimum of 5 minutes before you read the first indication.
- 4. See if the value shown on the 8508A is in the range shown in the applicable column in Table 8.
- 5. Continue through the test points. See if the value shown on the UUT is in the range shown in the applicable column.
- 6. When you complete the test, push CLEAR on the UUT two times to turn the source function off. This conserves battery life.

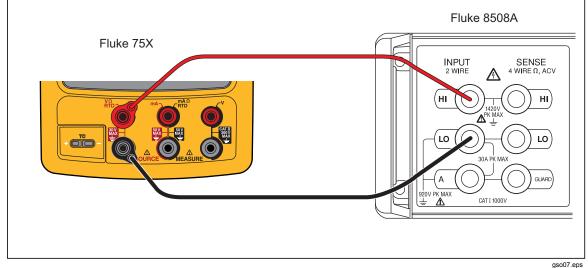


Figure 5. DC Volts Source Verification Connections

| UUT Range | UUT Output | Minimum 1-Year | Maximum 1-Year | Minimum 2-Year | Maximum 2-Year |
|--------------|------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| 100.000 | 10 mV | 9.9940 | 10.0060 | 9.9935 | 10.0065 |
| 100.000 | 0.1 V | 99.9850 | 100.0150 | 99.9800 | 100.0200 |
| 1.00000 V | 0.15 V | 0.14994 | 0.15007 | 0.14993 | 0.15007 |
| 1.00000 V | 1 V | 0.99985 | 1.00015 | 0.99980 | 1.00020 |
| 15.0000 V | 1.5 V | 1.49935 | 1.50065 | 1.49928 | 1.50073 |
| 15.0000 V | 10 V | 9.99850 | 10.00150 | 9.99800 | 10.00200 |

Table 8. DC Volts Source Verification Points

DC Current Source

To verify the dc current source function.

- 1. Connect the UUT to the 8508A as shown in Figure 6.
- 2. Set the 8508A to DC Current.
- 3. Set the UUT to dc current source (not simulate transmitter) function at 2 mA.
- 4. See if the value shown on the 8508A is in the range shown in the applicable column in Table 9.
- 5. Continue through the test points. See if the value shown on the UUT is in the range shown in the applicable column.
- 6. When you complete the test, push CLEAR on the UUT two times to turn off the source function. This conserves battery life.

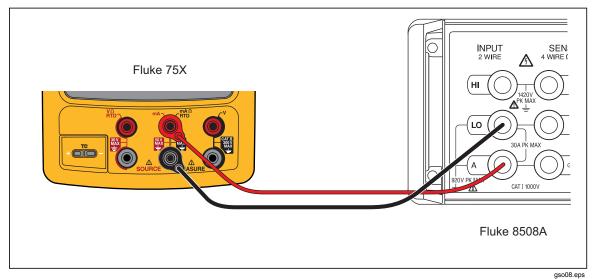


Figure 6. DC Current Source Verification Connections

| UUT Range | UUT Output | Minimum 1-Year | Maximum 1-Year | Minimum 2-Year | Maximum 2-Year |
|--------------|------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| 22.000 mA | 2 mA | 1.99680 | 2.00320 | 1.99660 | 2.00340 |
| 22.000 mA | 4 mA | 3.99660 | 4.00340 | 3.99620 | 4.00380 |
| 22.000 mA | 12 mA | 11.99580 | 12.00420 | 11.99460 | 12.00540 |
| 22.000 mA | 21 mA | 20.99490 | 21.00510 | 20.99280 | 21.00720 |

 Table 9. DC Current Source Verification Points

Simulate Transmitter Function

To verify the simulate transmitter function (accessed through dc current source function):

- 1. Connect the UUT, 8508A, and 5522A as shown in Figure 7. The 5522A is used as a stable dc voltage source. Its value is not critical, and a different dc source such as a battery can be used if necessary.
- 2. Set the 8508A to DC Current.
- 3. Set the UUT to the [mA Source] function and then select Simulate Transmitter.
- 4. Set the UUT source value to 4 mA.
- 5. Set the 5522A to output 8 V dc.
- 6. See if the value shown on the 8508A is in the range shown in Table 10.
- 7. Change the UUT source value to 22 mA and examine the results again in Table 10.
- 8. When you complete the test, set the 5522A to STANDBY and push (CLEAR) on the UUT two times to turn the source function off. This conserves battery life.

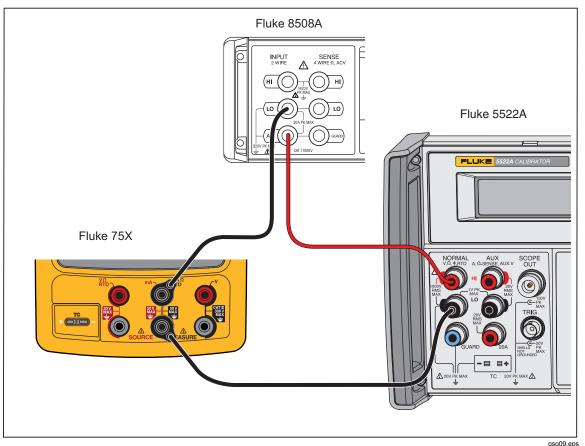


Figure 7. Simulate Transmitter Verification Connections

| UUT Range | UUT Output | Minimum 1-Year | Maximum 1-Year | Minimum 2-Year | Maximum 2-Year |
|-----------|------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| 22.000 mA | 4 | 3.99220 | 4.00780 | 3.99140 | 4.00860 |
| 22.000 mA | 21 | 20.98880 | 21.01120 | 20.98460 | 21.01540 |

Resistance Source Function

To verify the resistance source function:

- 1. Connect the UUT to the 8508A as shown in Figure 8. Use a four-wire connection transitioning to two wires at the UUT.
- 2. Set the UUT to the resistance source function at 0.1 Ω .
- 3. On the 8508A, select four-wire ohms measurement and up-range to the 200 Ω range. Use the 200 Ω range for the first five tests points, and autorange thereafter. The low range of the 8508A supplies too much current into the UUT.
- 4. See if the value shown on the 8508A is in the range shown in Table 11.
- 5. Continue through the test points. See if the value shown on the UUT is in the range shown in the applicable column of Table 11.
- 6. When you complete the test, push CLEAR on the UUT two times to turn off the source function. This conserves battery life.

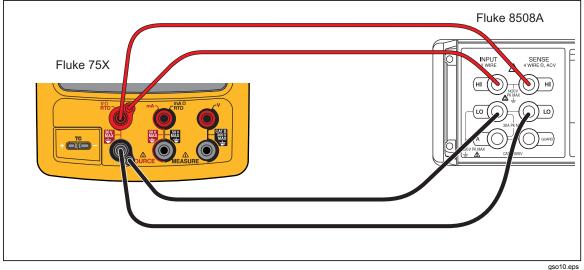


Figure 8. Resistance Source Verification Connections

| UUT Range | UUT Output | Minimum 1-Year | Maximum 1-Year | Minimum 2-Year | Maximum 2-Year |
|-----------|------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| 10.000 Ω | 0.1 Ω | 0.0900 | 0.1100 | 0.0850 | 0.1150 |
| 10.000 Ω | 1 Ω | 0.9899 | 1.0101 | 0.9849 | 1.0152 |
| 10.000 Ω | 10 Ω | 9.9890 | 10.0110 | 9.9835 | 10.0165 |
| 100.00 Ω | 20 Ω | 19.978 | 20.022 | 19.967 | 20.033 |
| 100.00 Ω | 100 Ω | 99.970 | 100.030 | 99.955 | 100.045 |
| 1000.0 Ω | 200 Ω | 199.76 | 200.24 | 199.64 | 200.36 |
| 1000.0 Ω | 1000 Ω | 999.60 | 1000.40 | 999.40 | 1000.60 |
| 10.000 kΩ | 2 kΩ | 1.9966 | 2.0034 | 1.9944 | 2.0056 |
| 10.000 kΩ | 10 kΩ | 9.9950 | 10.0050 | 9.9920 | 10.0080 |

Table 11. Resistance Source Verification Points

Frequency Source

To verify the frequency source function:

- 1. Connect the UUT to the Tektronix FCA3000 Counter as shown in Figure 9.
- 2. Set the UUT to source, frequency, 1.000 Vpp, square wave, at 5 Hz.
- 3. See if the value shown on the Tektronix FCA3000 is in the range shown in the applicable column in Table 11
- 4. Use the Fluke 123 to examine the wave forms. For the square wave, a positive square wave, with a 50 % duty-cycle (±5 %), and 1.0 V peak amplitude. See that the amplitude is correct for the applied signal. For the sine wave, make sure you have the correct frequency, waveform, and amplitude.
- 5. Continue through the test points. See if the value shown on the UUT is in the range shown in the applicable column of Table 12.
- 6. When you complete the test, push CLEAR on the UUT two times to turn off the source function. This conserves battery life.

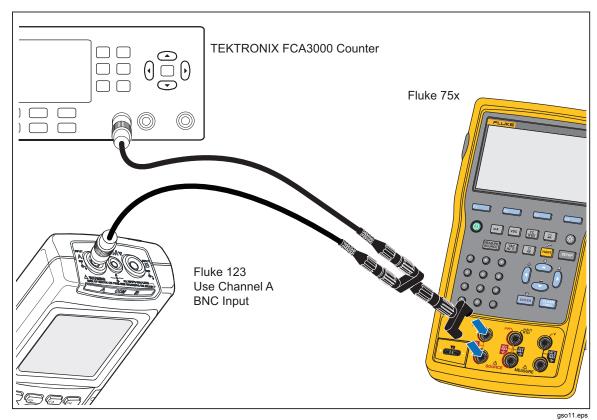


Figure 9. Frequency Source Verification Connections

| UUT Range | Frequency @ 1 Vpp | Minimum Frequency | Maximum Frequency | |
|------------|-----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--|
| 10.99 Hz | 5 Hz Sine | 4.99 Hz | 5.01 Hz | |
| 1099.9 Hz | 1 kHz Sine | 999.9 Hz | 1000.1 Hz | |
| 21.999 kHz | 10 kHz Sine 9.998 kHz | | 10.002 kHz | |
| 50 kHz | 49 kHz Sine | 48.995 kHz | 49.005 kHz | |
| 10.99 Hz | 5 Hz Square | 4.99 Hz | 5.01 Hz | |
| 1099.9 Hz | 1 kHz Square | 999.9 Hz | 1000.1 Hz | |
| UUT Range | Frequency @ 7.5 Vpp | Minimum Frequency | Maximum Frequency | |
| 109.99 Hz | 50 Hz Square | 49.9 Hz | 50.1 Hz | |

| Table 12. Frequency Source | Verification Points |
|----------------------------|---------------------|
|----------------------------|---------------------|

Thermocouple Measure

To verify the thermocouple measure function.

- 1. Use Type-K thermocouple wire and copper wire to connect the 5522A output to the UUT-TC jack as shown in Figure 10. The Type K-to-Copper junctions must be welded or made with tight screw terminals and submersed in the lag bath (room temperature). Use the standard thermometer (0.1 °C accuracy) to measure the temperature of the lag bath.
- 2. Set the 5522A to source dc millivolts and the UUT to the thermocouple measure function, TC Type K; ITS-90 scale, internal reference, and °C.
- 3. Stop for a minimum of 1 minute for thermal "emfs" (caused by insertion of the connectors) to dissipate, and let the lag bath become stable for a minimum of 15 minutes.
- 4. Use the 5522A to source the millivolt equivalents of the temperatures in Table 13. At each point, correct the 5522A output voltage. To do this, subtract the millivolt equivalent of the temperature at the lag bath junction (use reference chart below).
- 5. Continue through the test points. See if the value shown on the UUT is in the range shown in the applicable column of Table 13.
- 6. When you complete the test, set the 5522A to STANDBY.

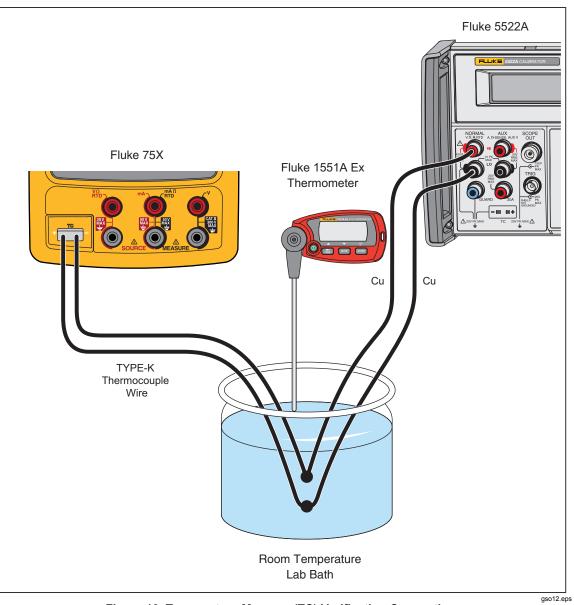


Figure 10. Temperature Measure (TC) Verification Connections

| Input dcmV (referenced to 0 °C) | | | Minimum 1-Year °C | | | Maximum 1-Year °C | | Minimum 2-Year °C | | Maximum 2-Year °C | |
|--|-------|-------|----------------------|--------|-------|----------------------|-------|----------------------|-------|----------------------|-------|
| -5.550 mV (-180 °C) | | | -180 | -180.9 | | -179.1 | | -181.2 | | -178.8 | |
| 0.000 mV (0 °C) | | | -0.5 | | 0.5 | 0.5 | | -0.6 | | 0.6 | |
| 52.410 mV (1300 °C) | | | 1299.1 1300.9 | | 1298 | .8 | 1301 | .2 | | | |
| Lag Bath Reference Table, Type K, ITS-90 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Temp. °C | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 |
| mV | 0.718 | 0.758 | 0.798 | 0.838 | 0.879 | 0.919 | 0.960 | 1.000 | 1.041 | 1.081 | 1.122 |

Table 13. Temperature Measure Verification

Thermocouple Source

To verify the thermocouple source function:

Note

This test uses a Type-K thermocouple setting on the UUT.

- 1. Use Type-K thermocouple wire and copper wire to connect the 8508A to the UUT -TC jack as shown in Figure 10 (the 8508A is used in place of the 5522A). The type K-to-copper junctions must be welded or made with tight screw terminals and submersed in the lag bath (room temperature). Use the standard thermometer (0.1 % accuracy) to measure the temperature of the lag bath.
- 2. Set the UUT to the thermocouple source function, linear mode, TC type K, ITS-90 scale, internal reference, and °C.
- 3. Set the 8508A to measure mV dc.
- 4. Stop for a minimum of 1 minute for thermal "emfs" (caused by insertion of the connectors) to dissipate, and let the lag bath become stable for a minimum of 15 minutes.
- 5. Source each of the temperatures in Table 14 from the UUT. At each point, correct the DMM measured voltage. To do this, add the millivolt equivalent of the Type-K junction at the lag bath temperature (use the Type-K ITS-90 chart).
- 6. Continue through the test points. See if the value shown on the UUT is in the range shown in the applicable column in Table 14.
- 7. When you complete the test, push CLEAR on the UUT two times to turn the source function off. This conserves battery life.

| UUT Output | Nominal DC mV | Minimum 1-Year | Maximum 1-Year | Minimum 2-Year | Maximum 2-Year |
|---------------|---------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| -180 °C | -5.5504 | -5.5616 | -5.539 | -5.5653 | -5.5353 |
| 0 °C | 0.0000 | -0.0197 | 0.0197 | -0.0237 | 0.0237 |
| 1300 °C | 52.4103 | 52.3928 | 52.4277 | 52.3893 | 52.4312 |

| Table 14. Temperature Sou | urco Varification (Type | K Thormocouple ITS-90) |
|---------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Table 14. Temperature Sol | arce vernication (Type- | • Thermocouple, 113-30) |

RTD Measure, Four-Wire

Note

It is necessary to use a separate verification procedure for the three-wire RTD measure function because it uses different circuits. The two-wire RTD measure circuit is tested during the Ohms Measure procedure. If a 5522A is not available, replace it with a variable resistance source such as a general resistance RTD-100 RTD simulator and a DMM to measure the variable resistance source for accuracy. Use the resistance equivalents shown in Table 15.

To verify the four-wire RTD Measure function:

- 1. Connect the UUT to the 5522A as shown in Figure 11. Use a four-wire connection and four-wire compensation.
- 2. Set the UUT to the RTD measure function, Pt100 (385), ITS-90 scale, and fourwire termination.
- 3. Set the 5522A to RTD, Pt100 (385) at -180 °C, ITS-90 scale, and comp fourwire.
- 4. Set the 5522A to [Operate].
- 5. See if the value shown on the UUT is in the range shown in the applicable column in Table 15.
- 6. Continue through the test points.
- 7. When you complete the test, set the 5522A to STANDBY.

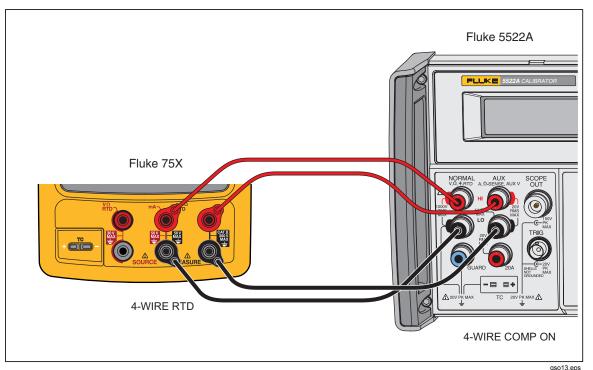


Figure 11. Four-Wire RTD Measure Verification Connections

Table 15. RTD Measure Verification (100W Pt (385), Four-Wire Connection)

| Input °C (Resistance) | 1-Year(°C) | 2-Year(°C) | | |
|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--|--|
| -180 ° (27.096 Ω) | -179.93 to -180.07 | -179.86 to -180.14 | | |
| 100 ° (138.505 Ω) | 99.93 to 100.07 | 99.86 to 100.14 | | |
| 780 ° (369.712 Ω) | 779.79 to 780.21 | 779.59 to 780.41 | | |

RTD Measure, Three-Wire

Note

If a 5522A is not available, substitute a variable resistance source such as a General Resistance RTD-100 RTD Simulator and a DMM to measure the variable resistance source accurately. Use the resistance equivalents shown in Table 16.

To verify the three-wire RTD measure function:

- 1. Connect the UUT to the 5522A as shown in Figure 12.
- 2. Set the UUT to the RTD measure function, Pt100 (385), ITS-90 scale, three-wire termination.
- 3. Set the 5522A to RTD, Pt100 (385) at -180 °C, ITS-90 scale, and comp four-wire to "OFF" position.
- 4. Set the 5522A to [Operate].
- 5. See if the value shown on the UUT is in the range shown in the applicable column in Table 16.

- 6. Continue through the test points.
- 7. When you complete the test, set the 5522A to STANDBY.

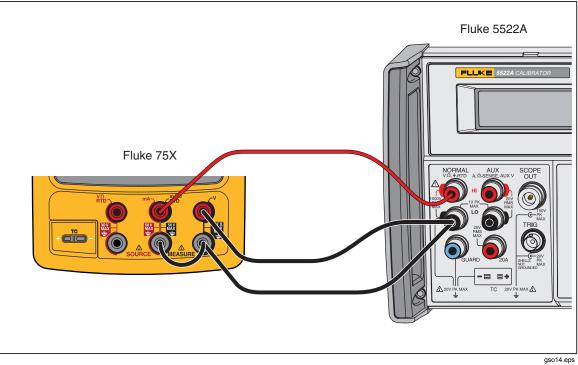


Figure 12. Three-Wire RTD Measure Verification Connections

Table 16. RTD Measure Verification (100W Pt (385), Three-Wire Connection)

| Input °C (Resistance) | 1-Year(°C) | 2-Year(°C) |
|-----------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| -180 ° (27.096 Ω) | -179.53 to -180.47 | -179.46 to -180.54 |
| 100 ° (138.505 Ω) | 99.53 to 100.47 | 99.46 to 100.54 |
| 780 ° (369.712 Ω) | 779.39 to 780.61 | 779.19 to 780.81 |

RTD Source

To verify the RTD Source function:

- 1. Connect the UUT to the 8508A DMM as shown in Figure 8. Use a four-wire connection transitioning to two-wires at the UUT.
- 2. Set the 8508A to 4-Wire Ohms, auto-range.
- 3. Set the UUT to the RTD source function, Pt100 (385) at -180 °C, ITS-90 scale.
- 4. See if the value shown on the DMM is in the range shown in the applicable column in Table 17.
- 5. Continue through the test points.
- 6. When you complete the test, push CLEAR on the UUT two times to turn the source function off. This conserves battery life.

| UUT Output | Nominal (Ohms) | Minimum 1-Year | Maximum 1-Year | Minimum 2-Year | Maximum 2-Year |
|---------------|----------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| -180 °C | 27.096 | 27.075 | 27.118 | 27.054 | 27.139 |
| 100 °C | 138.505 | 138.487 | 138.524 | 138.468 | 138.543 |
| 780 °C | 369.712 | 369.6707 | 369.7532 | 369.630 | 369.795 |

Table 17. RTD Source Verification (100W Pt (385))

Loop Power

To verify the loop power function.

- 1. Connect the UUT to the 8508A DMM as shown in Figure 13.
- 2. On the UUT push SETUP, ENTER, select Loop Power, and push ENTER again.
- 3. Observe the no-load voltage reading on the DMM and verify that it is within the range 23.4 V to 28.6 V.
- 4. When complete, disable Loop Power through the setup menu or turn the UUT off. This conserves battery life.

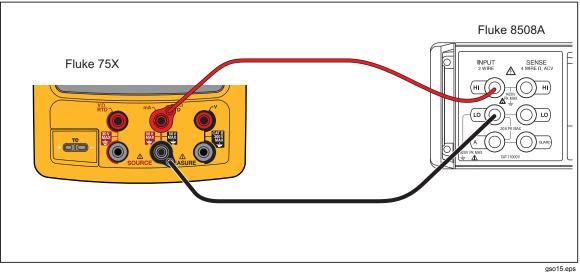


Figure 13. Loop Power Verification Connections

HART Mode Verification (754 Only)

The subsequent test makes sure that the 754 can communicate over a serial HART® (Highway Addressable Remote Transducer) interface to a HART transmitter. The calibrator communicates with virtually all HART transmitters and related software versions. These are "supported transmitters". All other transmitters are "generic". A Smart (HART) Pressure Transmitter is necessary for this procedure. The Rosemount Models 1151 or 3051 are recommended (may be substituted with any HART communicator protocol device).

This verification test is a pass or fail test. No calibration is necessary for the HART mode. If the Product fails this test, repair is necessary. Refer to the 754 HART Mode Users Guide for more data on the HART feature.

It is not necessary to open the case or adjust the Product to do this test. Make the necessary connections and verify that the Product responds as necessary.

- 1. Push **SETUP**. The first setup screen shows.
- 2. Push \bigcirc or \bigcirc to select HART Channel.
- 3. Push ENTER.
- 4. Push rightarrow or rightarrow to select mA Jack.
- 5. Push ENTER.
- 6. Connect the Product to the HART transmitter as shown in Figure 15.
- 7. Push mar to start HART mode. If necessary, push the applicable softkey to enable Loop Power.

The Product recognizes and identifies the HART transmitter. When used with a Model 3051, the Product shows:

| | 02/15/99 02:31:54 pm 🛛 Loop 24V 🗔 👘 | | | | |
|------------|-------------------------------------|-------------|---------|--|--|
| HART | Me | easure 4 | .484 mA | | |
| | S | Source | Off | | |
| | 2 | 051 P1357 | 0.2 | | |
| | | 001 61007 | 3 3 | | |
| | PV | 0.1530 p | si | | |
| | PVAO | 4.4870 | mA | | |
| | PV LRV | 0.0000 p | si | | |
| | PV URV | 5.0001 p | si | | |
| Select ope | ration for t | this device | | | |
| Abort | Service | Setup | Process | | |

Figure 14. Active Device Screen

qb20s.bmp

The Active Device screen gives this data for all HART transmitters, supported or generic:

- Poll address (if not 0)
- Model number and Tag ID
- PV (Primary Variable)
- PVAO (digital representation of the Analog Output)
- PV LRV (PV Lower Range Value)
- PV URV (PV Upper Range Value)
- Softkeys for accessing HART operation menus
- 8. Communication to the HART transmitter has been established if step seven has been completed. The Product has passed the HART mode verification test.
- 9. If the calibrator does not recognize the transmitter, the test has failed and Product repair is necessary. Speak to your nearest approved Fluke Service Center for servicing.

10. Disconnect all test equipment.

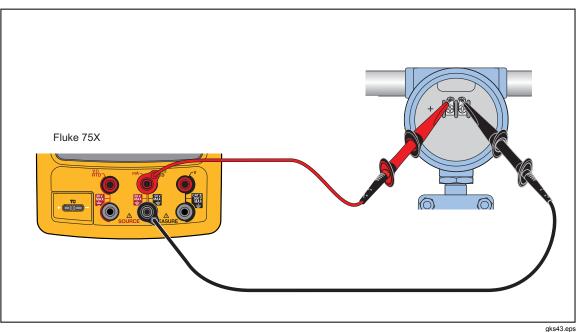


Figure 15. HART Mode Verification Connections

Calibration

Calibration is necessary only if the UUT does not pass verification. Always re-verify after calibration.

Calibration for the Product is done with internal software. There are no physical adjustments (except for three potentiometers used for common-mode error, explained later in this chapter). The subsequent instructions for calibration are minimal because of the built-in guided procedures. The internal software routines give step-by-step prompts for the correct stimulus or measurement. The guided procedures also illustrate which terminals (jacks) to use when you apply a stimulus, reading a measurement, or which terminals must be to be shorted with jumpers. Follow the instructions carefully to complete each calibration routine.

Equipment Required for Calibration

The necessary accuracy of the source or measurement does not always correspond to the number of decimal places indicated on the UUT's display. For example, if you calibrate Frequency Measure, when the display requests a source value of 5.00000 V at 1.00000 kHz, the necessary accuracies are not of that magnitude. Use the measurement and source equipment suggested at the start of the Performance Verification Test.

Calibration Status Indicator

The calibration display is accessed by when you push **SETUP** and then the **Prev. Page** softkey. At the top of the display is the Calibration Status followed by a number. This number moves forward after each subroutine is completed and the new constants are kept. When you do a complete calibration, the Product moves the Calibration Status by 4. Because the Calibration Status number is changed only by a re-calibration, it can be used to make sure that previous calibration constants have not been changed.

How to Enter Calibration

In the calibration setup screen, push $\boxed{F1}$ to calibrate. The calibration screen requests a password, 1234 is the default. After you put in the password, push $\boxed{F4}$ to continue. The password is user-settable.

On the calibration screen, the step that has bolded text is the selected step.

Set Calibration Date sets the date that the Product shows for calibration at start-up. In most instances this is the date that the Product last passed the Performance Verification.

There are four adjustment procedures:

- Adjust Source
- Adjust Loop
- Adjust Measure
- Adjust Thermocouple

Each of these items shows the last time this step was competed.

- When you push the **Exit** softkey, the Product goes out of Calibration mode and starts.
- When you push the **Change Calibration Password** softkey the screen changes to the password screen.
- When you push the **Continue** softkey, the Product continues with the selected step.

Calibration Constant Out of Bounds

If one or more of the calibration stimuli (or measurements) is out of range during a calibration routine, or the cabling is incorrect, the message [Error - Calibration Constant Out of Bounds] shows at the end of the routine. A general fault with the UUT can also be indicated by this error. The fault has to be corrected before you do the full sub-routine.

How to Calibrate

Follow these general instructions for all calibrations:

- Operate the UUT on battery power. Make sure the battery is fully charged.
- Let each piece of calibration equipment meet its specified warm up period.
- Let the UUT warm up a minimum of 10 minutes.
- Source is only powered when it is used. A separate warm up for 10 minutes is necessary when you adjust source vdc, source ohms, source TC, source RTD, or source Hz. When you do a full adjust, a 10-minute warm up pause at the start of the volts dc source warms up the Product for all source steps.
- For each calibration, make sure the calibration equipment is stable and that the "unsettled" annunciator on the UUT is not shown.

Continue:

- 1. Turn on the UUT.
- 2. Push **SETUP** and then the **Prev. Page** softkey.
- 3. Push the **Calibrate** softkey to open the password screen
- 4. Input the password (the default password is 1234) and then push the **Continue** softkey.
- 5. Use (a) and D to move the black text to the step to run. Push the **Continue** softkey to start a procedure

Each adjustment procedure will give connection instructions and signal levels needed for the step.

6. When the display prompts you for an input of 100.000 mV dc but shows an range

of $90.0 \le 100.000 \text{ mV} \le 110.0$, apply the requested input, or apply an input in the allowed range. Use the numeric keys to add the value. Push the **Continue** softkey.

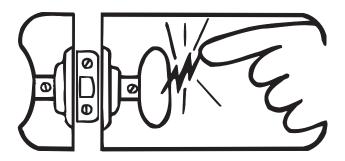
7. Apply the subsequent requested value as in step 5. Push the **Continue** softkey. When you record a negative value, always start with '-'.

<u>∧</u>∧Warning

Some of the voltages required for calibration are dangerous. To avoid injury or death from electric shock, do not touch live conductors during high-voltage calibration. Put the source device into Standby mode after each calibration step.

- 8. Continue to apply voltages as necessary. Make sure you follow the connection instructions each time. Remember that the input jack configuration changes.
- 9. When you complete the last point in the subroutine, you are asked if you to keep the new constants. If you keep the new constants, the calibration constants are saved and the Calibration Status counter is incremented and the date is updated. If you discard the constants at this point, the calibration has no effect, the Calibration Status counter is not incremented, and the date does not change.

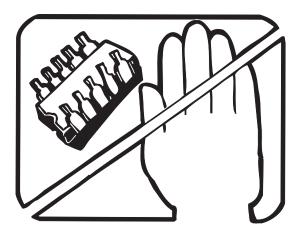




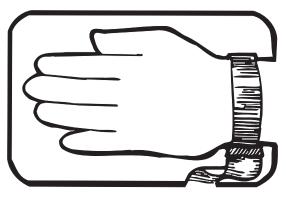
Some semiconductors and custom IC's can be damaged by electrostatic discharge during handling. This notice explains how you can minimize the chances of destroying such devices by:

- 1. Knowing that there is a problem.
- 2. Learning the guidelines for handling them.
- 3. Using the procedures, packaging, and bench techniques that are recommended.

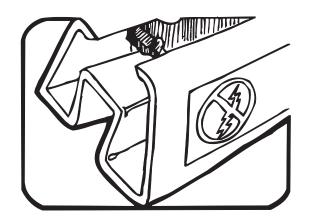
The following practices should be followed to minimize damage to S.S. (static sensitive) devices.



1. MINIMIZE HANDLING



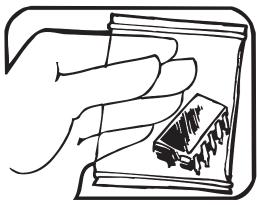
3. DISCHARGE PERSONAL STATIC BEFORE HANDLING DEVICES. USE A HIGH RESIS-TANCE GROUNDING WRIST STRAP.



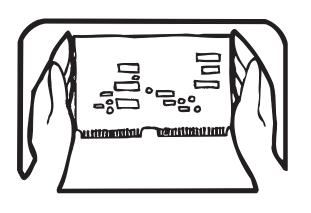
2. KEEP PARTS IN ORIGINAL CONTAINERS UNTIL READY FOR USE.



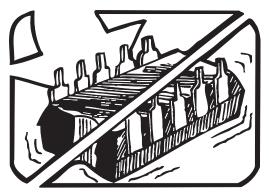
4. HANDLE S.S. DEVICES BY THE BODY.



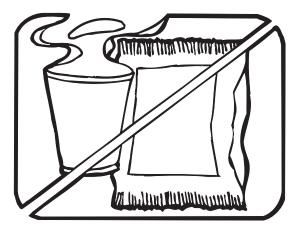
5. USE STATIC SHIELDING CONTAINERS FOR HANDLING AND TRANSPORT.



8. WHEN REMOVING PLUG-IN ASSEMBLIES HANDLE ONLY BY NON-CONDUCTIVE EDGES AND NEVER TOUCH OPEN EDGE CONNECTOR EXCEPT AT STATIC-FREE WORK STATION. PLACING SHORTING STRIPS ON EDGE CONNECTOR HELPS PROTECT INSTALLED S.S. DEVICES.

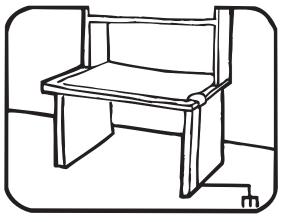


6. DO NOT SLIDE S.S. DEVICES OVER ANY SURFACE.



7. AVOID PLASTIC, VINYL AND STYROFOAM[®] IN WORK AREA.

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- 9. HANDLE S.S. DEVICES ONLY AT A STATIC-FREE WORK STATION.
- 10. ONLY ANTI-STATIC TYPE SOLDER-SUCKERS SHOULD BE USED.
- 11. ONLY GROUNDED-TIP SOLDERING IRONS SHOULD BE USED.

® Dow Chemical

Maintenance

<u>∧</u>∧Warning

To prevent possible electrical shock, fire, or personal injury:

- Have an approved technician repair the Product.
- Do not operate the Product with covers removed or the case open. Hazardous voltage exposure is possible.
- Remove the input signals before you clean the Product.
- Use only specified replacement parts.

Battery Replacement

Replace the battery when it no longer holds a charge for the rated interval. The battery normally lasts for up to 300 charge/discharge cycles. To order a replacement battery, see "Contacting Fluke" and "Replaceable Parts".

Note

Spent batteries should be disposed of by a qualified recycler or hazardous materials handler. Contact an authorized Fluke Service Center for recycling information.

How to Clean the Product

Clean the Product and pressure modules with a soft cloth dampened with water or water and mild soap.

≜Caution

To prevent possible damage to the Product, do not use solvents or abrasive cleansers.

Calibration Data

The date of the last calibration and verification shows on the calibration sticker and on the calibration screen in Setup mode. The CAL. STATUS number on the sticker should always match the Calibration Status number in the calibration screen. Calibration of the Product is to be done by qualified personnel.

In Case of Difficulty

<u>∧</u>∧Warning

To avoid possible electric shock or personal injury, do not use the Product if it operates abnormally. Protection may be impaired. When in doubt, have the Product serviced.

If the display is blank or unreadable, but the beeper works when the Product is turned on, make sure the brightness is correctly adjusted. To adjust the Intensity, see "Display Intensity" in the Users Manual.

If the Product will not turn on, make sure the battery is not dead or disconnected from the battery charger. If the Product receives power, the power button should be lit. If the button is lit, but the Product does not power up, have the Product serviced. See "How to Contact Fluke".

Service Center Calibration or Repair

Calibration, repairs, or servicing not included in this manual must be done only by qualified service personnel. If the Product fails, examine the battery pack first, and replace it if necessary.

Make sure that you operate the Product in accordance with the instructions in this manual. If the Product is faulty, send a description of the failure with the Product. Pressure modules do not need to accompany the Product unless the module is faulty also. Be sure to pack the Product securely, using the original shipping container if it is available. See "How to Contact Fluke" and the Warranty Statement.

Replaceable Parts

Table 18 lists the customer replaceable parts. Replacement parts can be ordered from Fluke Corporation and its authorized representatives by using the part number. In the event that the part ordered has been replaced by a new or improved part, the replacement will be accompanied by an explanatory note and installation instructions, if necessary. See Figure 16.

| | 754 | 754-SI | 753 | 753-SI | Description | |
|-------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--|--|
| Reference Designator | Part Number | Part Number | Part Number | Part Number | | |
| BT1 | 3409439 | 3409439 | 3409439 | 3409439 | 75x Battery, LI-ION, 7.2V, 4.4AH | |
| DS1 | 3367520 | 3367520 | 3367520 | 3367520 | LCD Module, 4.3 In Diag, 480xrgbx272 Pixels, LED Backlight | |
| H1-H6 | 1558745 | 1558745 | 1558745 | 1558745 | Screw, 5-14,.750, Pan, Black Chromate, Blunt Pt, Thread Form | |
| H7-H16 | 3783203 | 3783203 | 3783203 | 3783203 | Screw, M3x0.5, 6mm, Pan Head, Phillips, S-L Nylon Patch | |
| H17-H28 | 642931 | 642931 | 642931 | 642931 | Screw, 4-14, .312, Pan, Phillips, Thread Form, #3 Head | |
| H29-H30 | 3469899 | 3469899 | 3469899 | 3469899 | Nut, Slotted, M9 X 0.5 Thread | |
| H30-H32 | 3469900 | 3469900 | 3469900 | 3469900 | Washer, Locking, 12.5mm od | |
| MP3 | 3369304 | 3369304 | 3369304 | 3369304 | Fluke-75x, TC Isothermal PCA | |
| MP4 | 3404752 | 3404752 | 3404752 | 3404752 | Fluke-75x, Case Top | |
| MP5 | 3404765 | 3404765 | 3404765 | 3404765 | Fluke-75x, Case Bottom | |

Table 18. Replacement Parts

| Table 18. Replacement Parts (cont.) | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--|--|
| | 754 | 754-SI | 753 | 753-SI | Description | |
| Reference Designator | Part Number | Part Number | Part Number | Part Number | | |
| MP6, MP7 | 3404776 | 3404776 | 3404776 | 3404776 | Fluke-75x, Connector Cover | |
| MP8 | 3404790 | 3404790 | 3404790 | 3404790 | Fluke-75x, Tilt Stand | |
| MP9 | | | 3948631 | 3948631 | Fluke-753, Connector Bracket, Right | |
| MP9 | 3404803 | 3404803 | | | Fluke-754, Connector Bracket, Right | |
| MP10 | 3404815 | 3404815 | 3404815 | 3404815 | Fluke-75x, Connector Bracket, Left | |
| MP11 | 3404826 | 3404826 | 3404826 | 3404826 | Fluke-75x, Retainer, Isothermal Stopper | |
| MP12 | 3404832 | 3404832 | 3404832 | 3404832 | Fluke-75x, Stopper, Isothermal | |
| MP13 | | | 3977652 | | Fluke-753, Mask | |
| MP13 | | | | 3981533 | Fluke-753, Mask, Sl | |
| MP13 | 3439164 | | | | Fluke-754, Mask | |
| MP13 | | 3977665 | | | Fluke-754, Mask, SI | |
| MP14 | | | 3405856 | 3405856 | Fluke-753, Decal, Case Top | |
| MP14 | 3405856 | 3405856 | | | Fluke-754, Decal, Case Top | |
| MP15 | | | 3977713 | 3977713 | Fluke-753, Keypad | |
| MP15 | 3369430 | 3369430 | | | Fluke-754, Keypad | |
| MP17-MP19 | 884259 | 884259 | 884259 | 884259 | Input Receptacle Insulator (Black) | |
| MP20-MP22 | 884254 | 884254 | 884254 | 884254 | Input Receptacle Insulator (Red) | |
| MP23 | 3478081 | 3478081 | 3478081 | 3478081 | Fluke-75x, Foam, Dust Seal | |

Table 18. Replacement Parts (cont.)

| | 754 | 754-SI | 753 | 753-SI | | |
|-------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--|--|
| Reference Designator | Part Number | Part Number | Part Number | Part Number | Description | |
| MP24 | 3477901 | 3477901 | 3477901 | 3477901 | Fluke-75x, Battery Compartment Foam Pad | |
| MP25 | 3440115 | 3440115 | 3440115 | 3440115 | Fluke-75x, LCD Shock Absorber | |
| MP44-MP45 | 3450124 | 3450124 | 3450124 | 3450124 | Fluke-75x, TC Isothermal Spring | |

Table 18. Replacement Parts (cont.)

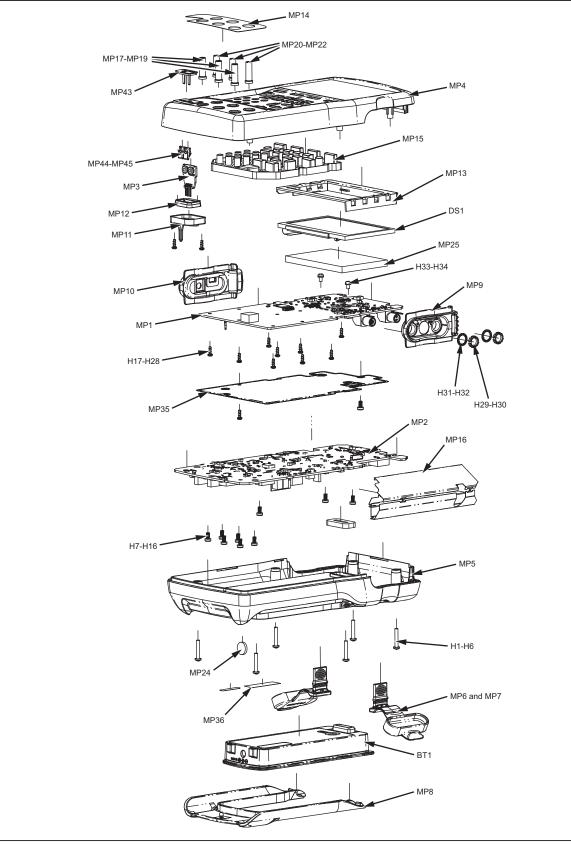


Figure 16. Parts

gso16.eps

Accessories

Accessories for the Product are listed in Table 19.

| Table 19. Accessories | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Batteries, Chargers and Adapters | | | | | |
| BC7240 | Battery Charger/Eliminator | | | | |
| BP7240 | Li-Ion Battery Pack | | | | |
| С | ases-Holsters | | | | |
| C700 | Hard Case (700 Series) | | | | |
| C781 | Soft Meter Case | | | | |
| C799 | Soft Field Case | | | | |
| Test Lea | Test Leads Probes and Clips | | | | |
| AC220 | SureGrip™ Alligator Clips | | | | |
| 700TLK | Fluke 700TLK Process Test lead kit | | | | |
| AC280 | SureGrip™ Hook Clips | | | | |
| AC285 | SureGrip™ Alligator Clips | | | | |
| TL940 | Mini-Hook Test Leads | | | | |
| TL950 | Mini-Pincer Test Leads | | | | |
| TP74 | Lantern Tip Test Probes | | | | |
| TP920 | Test Probe Adapter Set | | | | |
| 754HCC | Hart Communication Cable, 754 | | | | |
| 1671807 | USB-A(M), USB-MINI-B(M), Shielded, 2M | | | | |
| 944632 | Test Lead, 1KV/CATII, 10cm, Black | | | | |